

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Bagian Ilmu Bedah FKUI/RSCM. Kumpulan Kuliah Ilmu Bedah. Jakarta, Binarupa Aksara, p.242-253.
- Bergan,J.J. (1985). *Surgery of the Veins of the Lower Extremity*. Philadelphia: WB Saunders.
- Biswas,S. Clark,A. Shields,D.A. (2007). Randomised clinical trial of the duration of compressive therapy after varicose vein surgery. *Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg*, 33, p. 641–7.
- Bradbury,A.W. Stonebridge,P.A. Callam,M.J. et al. (1994). Recurrent Varicose Veins: *Assessment of The Sapheno-femoral Junction*. *Br J Surg*, 81, p.373–5.
- Carpentier,P.H. Maricq,H.R. Biro,C. Pon, cot-Makinen,C.O. Franco,A. (2004). *Prevalence, risk factors, and clinical patterns of chronic venous disorders of lower limbs*: a population-based study in France. *J Vasc Surg*, 40, p.650–659.
- Darke,S.G. Vettrivel,S. Foy,D.M. Smith,S. Baker,S. (1997). *A comparison of duplex scanning and continous wave Doppler in the assessment of primary and uncomplicated varicose veins*. *Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg*, 14, p.457–61.
- Faiz,O. Moffat,D. (2004). At a Glance Anatomi. Jakarta: Erlangga
- Falco,O.B. Plewig,F. Wolff. Winkelmann,R.K. (1991). *Disease of the blood vessels*. In : Dermatology. 3nd ed. Berlin : Springer – Verlag, p.634 – 44.
- Fowkes,F.G.R. Clark,K. Harvey,I. (2010), *Epidemiology and Risk Factors for Varicose Veins among Older People*, University of Edinburgh, UK.

Fratkin ,L.B. Jackes,H.L. (1951). *'The Treatment of Varicose Veins,'*. med. Ass. J., Canada, 65, p.367.

Geier,B. Olbrich,S. Barbera,L. Stücker,M. Mumme. (2005). A. *Validity of the macroscopic identification of neovascularization at the saphenofemoral junction by the operating surgeon.* J Vasc Surg,41, p.64–8.

Gloviczki,P. Anthony,J. Comerota, Michael,D. (2011). *The care of patients with varicose veins and associated chronic venous diseases:* Clinical practice guidelines of the Society for Vascular Surgery and the American Venous Forum. Division of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 200 First St SW, Rochester, p.0741-5214.

Jong,W. Sjamsuhidajat,R. (2005). *Buku Ajar Ilmu Bedah.* Jakarta: EGC

Junior,N.B. Perez,M.D.C.J. (2010). *Pregnancy and lower limb varicose vein: prevalence and risk factors.* J. vasc. Bras; Vol.9 no.2.

Jusi. (2008). Dasar-Dasar Ilmu Bedah. Jakarta Fakultas Universitas Indonesia.

Kent,P.J. Weston,M.J. (1998). *Duplex scanning may be used selectively in patients with primary varicose veins.* Ann R Coll Surg Engl, 80, p.388–9.

Lees', T.A. Beard,J.D. Ridler,B.M.F. Szymanska,T. (1999). *A survey of the current management of varicose veins,* Newcastle, UK, Ann R Coll Surg Engl, 81, p.407-417.

Lew WK. (2013). *Varicose vein surgery,* London, UK, Vincent L. Editor, Milton,G. Bakersfield, Robert,D. Payne. (1953). *A Controlled Technique for Vein Stripping*

Mohammed,A.G. Saber,A. Hokkam,E.N. (2012), *Assessment of Causes and Patterns of Recurrent Varicose Veins After Surgery*, US, N Am J Med Sci, 4(1), p.45–48, doi: 10.4103/1947-2714.92905.

Naoum,J.J. Hunter,G.C. Woodside,K.J. Chen,C. (2007). Current advances in the pathogenesis of varicose veins. *J Surg Res*; 141, p.311–316.

Nisar,A. Shabbir,J. Tubassam,P. et al. (2006). Local anaesthetic flush reduces post-operative pain and haematoma formation after great saphenous vein stripping: a randomized controlled trial. *Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg*, 31, p.325–31.

Milton,G. Bakersfield, Robert,D. Payne. (1953). A Controlled Technique for Vein Stripping

Mohammed,A.G. Saber,A. Hokkam,E.N. (2012), *Assessment of Causes and Patterns of Recurrent Varicose Veins After Surgery*, US, N Am J Med Sci, 4(1), p.45–48, doi: 10.4103/1947-2714.92905.

Naoum,J.J. Hunter,G.C. Woodside,K.J. Chen,C. (2007). Current advances in the pathogenesis of varicose veins. *J Surg Res*; 141, p.311–316.

Nisar,A. Shabbir,J. Tubassam,P. et al. (2006). Local anaesthetic flush reduces post-operative pain and haematoma formation after great saphenous vein stripping: a randomized controlled trial. *Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg*, 31, p.325–31.

Perkins,J.M.T. (2009). Standart Varicose Vein Surgery. Oxford. UK. 24 Suppl 1, p.34–41. DOI: 10.1258/phleb.2009.09s004.

Qayim, I. (3013). Buku Pintar Kedokteran Nabi, PT. Fathan Prima Media, Jakarta, p.154-155.

- Proebstle,T.M. Paepcke,U. Weisel,G. Gass,S. Weber,L. (1998). High ligation and stripping of the long saphenous vein using tumescent technique for local anesthesia. Dermatol Surg. 24, p.149–153.
- Rautio,T. Perala,J. Biancari,F. et al. (2002). Accuracy of hand-held Doppler in planning the operation for primary varicose veins. Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg, 24, p.450–5.
- Rebecca,J.W. Chris,F. Jonothan,J. (2004). *Causes of varicose vein recurrence*, United Kingdom; p.0741-5214, doi:10.1016/j.jvs.2004.07.003.
- Robertson,L. Evans,C. Fowkes,F.G. (2008). Epidemiology of chronic venous disease. *Phlebology*; 23, p.103–111.
- Sam,R.C. Mackenzie,R.K. Paisley,A.M. Ruckley,C.V. Bradbury,A.W. (2004). The effect of superficial venous surgery on generic health-related quality of life. Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg ;28, p.253–6.
- Subramonia,S. Lees,T. (2007). *The Treatment of Varicose Veins*. Ann R Coll Surg Engl, p.89: 96–100 doi 10.1308/003588407X168271.
- Tatarchuk,A.N. (2011). *Capacities of ultrasound study in a follow-up of patients with lower extremity varicose veins after phlebectomy*. Vestn Rentgenol Radiol. 1, p.22–5.
- Teruya,T.H. Ballard,J.L. (2004). New approach for the treatmen of varicose veins. Surg Clin N Am 84:1397–1417
- <http://www.webmd.com/skin-problems-and-treatments/news/20110919/surgery-vs-laser-treatment-for-varicose-veins> Brenda,G. (2011), *Surgery vs. Laser Treatment for Varicose Veins*, London. Diakses: 24 mei 2014.