

**GAMBARAN DEMOGRAFI PASIEN TONSILITIS DI RUMAH SAKIT
JAKARTA MEDICAL CENTER PERIODE JANUARI SAMPAI
DESEMBER 2017 SERTA TINJAUANNYA DARI SISI ISLAM**

Delina Widiyanti , Arroyan Wardhana, Irwandi

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Menurut prevalensi, usia terbanyak di India anak-anak, dan di Irlandia dewasa muda dengan jenis kelamin wanita . Sementara itu, di RSUD Karawang, Indonesia pasien tonsillitis 55,3%. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui gambaran demografis berupa usia, jenis kelamin, jenis pekerjaan, dan tingkat Pendidikan pada penderita tonsilitis di RS JMC periode Januari sampai Desember 2017 serta tinjauannya dari sisi Islam. Apabila sakit hendaklah segera berobat dan Allah menurunkan penyakit pasti dengan obatnya.

Metode: Deskriptif kuantitatif secara Cross Sectional dengan mengolah data sekunder dari rekam medis pasien tonsillitis di RS JMC pada periode Januari - Desember 2017.

Hasil: Kategori usia dibawah umur 57 orang (54%); usia muda 47 orang (45%); usia pertengahan 1 orang (1%). Jenis kelamin perempuan 56 orang (53%) dan laki-laki 49 orang (47%). Pelajar 37 orang (35%); tidak bekerja 25 orang (24%); karyawan/pegawai swasta dan negeri 24 orang (23%); wiraswasta 6 orang (6%); dan guru, dokter, pramugara masing-masing 1 orang (1%). Tingkat Pendidikan SD 34 orang (32%), prasekolah 15 orang (14%); sarjana 14 orang (13%); belum sekolah 8 orang (8%); SMP 8 orang (8%); SMA 5 orang (5%); magister 3 orang (3%); diploma 1 orang (1%).

Kesimpulan: Gambaran demografis pasien tonsilitis di RS JMC tahun 2017 perempuan 54%, usia dibawah umur 56 %, pelajar 35%, dan tingkat sekolah dasar 32%. Ajaran Islam mengajarkan bahwa pada tonsilitis sangat dianjurkan untuk berobat kepada ahlinya karena setiap penyakit ada obatnya. Penyakit akan sembuh dengan izin Allah apabila tepat obatnya.

Kata Kunci: *tonsilitis, usia, jenis kelamin, jenis pekerjaan, tingkat pendidikan*

**DEMOGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF AGE, GENDER, TYPE OF WORK, AND
EDUCATIONAL LEVEL IN TONSILLITIS'S PATIENTS IN JAKARTA
MEDICAL CENTER HOSPITAL JANUARY TO DECEMBER
2017 PERIODE AND IN ISLAMIC VIEWS**

Delina Widiyanti, Arroyan Wardhana, Irwandi

ABSTRACT

Background : According to age, tonsillitis most commonly found in children in India, and in Ireland is young adult age and women. Meanwhile, in Public Hospital of Karawang, Indonesia tonsillitis are 55.3%. The aim of this study is to determine the demographic description of age, gender, type of work, and level of education in people with tonsillitis in Jakarta Medical Center Hospital in the period January to December 2017 and in Islamic views. If you are sick you should seek treatment immediately and Allah will reduce the disease with the medicine.

Methods : Quantitative descriptive cross sectional research method by processing secondary data from medical records of patients who have been diagnosed with tonsillitis at Jakarta Medical Center Hospital in the period January to December 2017.

Results: Underage age category 57 people (54%); the young age 47 people (45%); middle age 1 person (1%). Female sex 56 people (53%) male 49 people (47%). 37 students (35%); not working 25 people (24%); employees 24 people (23%); self-employed 6 people (6%); and teachers, doctors, flight attendants, each of them 1 person (1%). Level education of Elementary 34 people (32%), preschool 15 people (14%); bachelor 14 people (13%); not yet schooled 8 people (8%); Middle school 8 people (8%); high school 5 people (5%); Masters 3 people (3%); 1 person diploma (1%).

Conclusions: Demographic description of tonsillitis patients in JMC Hospital in the period January to December 2017, gender of female 54%, with the underage 56%, students 35%, and level education is primary school 32%. Islam teach moslem with tonsillitis is highly recommended for doing treatment to experts because every disease has a cure. The disease will recover with Allah's permission when the medicine is correct.

Keywords: tonsillitis, age, sex, type of work, level of education