

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1. Chandra EM, Gufraeni N. Kajian ekstensifikasi barang kena cukai pada Minuman ringan berkarbonasi. Jurnal Ilmu Administrasi dan Organisasi. 2008; 16(3): 170-9.
2. Afandi B. Pengaruh CO₂ (karbondioksida) murni terhadap minuman pertumbuhan mikroorganisme pada produk minuman fanta di PT. coca-cola bootling Indonesia unit Medan, 2009. 1-8.
3. Dewanto RS. Perbedaan antara perendaman dalam minuman bersoda dan jus lemon selama 30, 60, 120 menit terhadap kekerasan email pada permukaan gigi. Jurnal Ilmiah. 2014.1-4.
4. Bleam W, et al. Teacher's guide : tooth decay - a delicate balance. ChemMatters. 2005. 16-17, 37.
5. Prasetyo EA. Keasaman minuman ringan menurunkan kekerasan permukaan gigi. Dent J. 2005; 38: 60-3.
6. Erickson PR, Alevizos DL, Rindelaub DJ. Soft drink: hard on teeth. Northwest Dentistry. 2011 March-April: 15-9.
7. Bamise CT, et al. Erosive potential of soft drinks in Nigeria. World Journal of Medical Science. 2007; 2(2): 115-9.
8. Kazmi S, et al. Effects on the email due to the carbonated drinks a SEM study. Oral Biology. 2016; 36(2): 221-5.
9. Hediania VAK, Probosari N, Setyorini D. Lama perendaman gigi di dalam air perasan jeruk nipis mempengaruhi kedalaman porositas mikro email. Dentofasial. 2015; 14(1): 45-9.
10. Silaen DN, Ginting R. Kehilangan material email pada permukaan bukal premolar satu akibat perendaman minuman bersoda (in vitro). Dentistry E-Journal. 2013; 2(1): 39-48.
11. Linden RWA, et al. Master dentistry of oral biology. 3rd Ed. Edinburgh: Churchil Livingstone; 2011. h.142-7.
12. Putri MH, Herijulianti E, Nurjanah N. Ilmu pencegahan penyakit jaringan keras dan jaringan pendukung gigi. Jakarta: EGC; 2010. h.111-25.

13. Jose M. Essential of Oral Biology: Oral anatomy, histology, physiology, and embryology. India: CBS Publisher; 2008. h. 235-40.
14. Sabel N. Email of primary teeth-morphological and chemical aspect. Sweden: University of Gotehnburg; 2012. h. 1,5,27-9.
15. Fredian AE, Setyorini D, Probosari N. Efek perendaman bahan fissure sealant semen ionomer kaca pada minuman berkarbonasi terhadap pelepasan fluor. Jurnal Pustaka Kesehatan. 2014; 2(3): 537-541.
16. Fraunhofer JAV, Rogers MM. Dissolution of dental email in soft drinks. Operative Dentistry. 2004: 308-11.
17. Wilson T, Temple NJ. Beverage impacts on health and nutrition. 2nd Ed. Springer International: Switzerland; 2016. h. 320.
18. Pepsi. [<http://en.wikipedia.org>]. Wikipedia. 2016 [cited 15 Oktober 2016].
19. Komposisi PEPSI dan TEBS. [<http://www.komposisiproduk.com>]. Komposisi Produk. 2016 [cited 15 Oktober 2016].
20. Pepsi. [<https://www.metroniaga.co.id/katalog-produk-minuman/katalog-produk-produk-minuman-ringan/katalog-produk-soda/pepsi-cola-can-330-ml-grcy1339>]. Metro Niaga. 2016 [cited 15 Oktober 2016].
21. Tebs tea with shocking soda. [<http://www.vemale.com/brand/17928-tebs-tea-with-shocking-soda.html>]. Vamelacom. 2016 [cited 15 Oktober 2016].
22. Tebs. [<http://www2.sosro.com/in/tebs#.WIAWvH0lvIW>]. Sinar sosro a rekso company. 2016 [cited 15 Oktober 2016].
23. Bamise CT, Kolawol KA, Oloyede EO. The determinants and control of soft drinks-incited dental erosion. Rev Clin Pesq Odontol. 2009; 5(2): 141-154.
24. Magalhaes AC, et al. Insights into preventive measures for dental erosion. J Appl Oral Sci. 2009 Sept; 17(2). 75-86.
25. Ren YF. Dental erosion: etiology, diagnosis, and prevention. ADA CERP. 2011 August. 77-97.
26. Dawes C. What is the critical pH and why does a tooth dissolve in acid. J of the Canadian Dent Assoc. 2003; 69(1). 722-4.
27. Lussi A. Dental erosion from diagnosis to therapy. Withford GM, editor. Switzerland: Karger AG; 2006. 20: 66-75.

28. Fathilah AR, Rahim ZHA. The effect of beverages on the release of calcium from the email surface. Annal Dent Univ Malaya. 2008; 15(1). 1-4.
29. Pusparini A. Analisis spekul akustooptik pada biofilm saliva buatan dengan media akrilik. 2008. 1-7.
30. Buzalaf MAR, Hannas AR, Kato MT. Saliva and dental erosion. J Appl Oral Sci. 2012 Dec; 20(5): 493-502.
31. Widyaningtyas V, Rahayu YC, Barid I. Analisis peningkatan email gigi setelah direndam dalam susu kedelai murni menggunakan scanning electron microscope. Artikel Ilmiah. 2014: 1-4.
32. Abdullah M, Khairurrijal. Karakterisasi nanomaterial. Jurnal Nanosains & Nanoteknologi. 2009 Feb;2(1). 1-9.
33. Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) [<https://www.purdue.edu>]. Radiological and Environmental Management. Purdue University. 2016 [cited 15 oktober 2016].
34. Daniel W. Biostatistic a foundation for analysis in the health science eight edition. Georgia: Willey; 2005. h.188.
35. Torres CP, et al. Surface and subsurface erosion of primary enamel by acid beverages over time. Braz Dent J. 2010; 21(4). 337-345.
36. Jager DHJ, et al. Estimated erosive potential on exposure time. Caries Research. 2012; 42. 98-104.
37. Bauman, et al. Erosion protection conferred by whole human saliva, dialysed saliva, and artificial saliva. Scientific Reports. 2016; 6.
38. Featherstone JDB, Lussi A. Understanding the chemistry of dental erosion. Monogr Oral Sci. 2006; 20. 66-76.
39. Adhani R, et al. Effect pH on demineralization dental erosion. Inter. J. of Chemical Engine. and App. 2015; 6(2).
40. Armando A, et al. Enskilopedia Islam untuk pelajar. 4th Ed. PT Ichtiar Baru Van Hoeve: Jakarta; 2001. h.9.
41. Kartubi. Keutamaan mengkonsumsi makanan halalan thayyiba. Edu-Bio. 2013; 4.

42. Marzuki. Pendidikan agama Islam untuk sekolah menengah pertama. Yogyakarta: Ombak Dua; 2012.
43. Makanan dalam perspektif Islam. [<http://www.masjidrayavip.org>]. Masjid Raya VIP 2016 [cited 25 November 2016].
44. Budiarti R. Tingkat keimanan islam dan status karies gigi. Jurusan Keperawatan Gigi Poltekkes Jakarta; Jakarta.